## QUANTUM MARKET RESEARCH

DrinkWise Australia How to Drink Properly Campaign Summary 18-24 year olds – Wave 1 Report

> Quantitative Research Report May 2014

## **Executive Summary**

## Key findings: 'How to Drink Properly' campaign

Solid campaign recall and high understanding	• The campaign was recalled by 20% of the target audience and 78% correctly identified the message as 'drink properly'.
Positive campaign message take out	<ul> <li>81% are now thinking about the effects of moderation.</li> <li>54% said the campaign gave them a platform to talk to their friends about drinking.</li> <li>38% said the campaign made moderation look like a classy, cool thing to do.</li> </ul>
High likeability and positive campaign impact	<ul> <li>High likeability, with 74% of the target audience liking the campaign.</li> <li>Of those who saw the campaign: <ul> <li>78% agreed it made them more aware of how they look and are perceived by others.</li> <li>77% made them more aware of the perception of others when drinking.</li> <li>74% were more aware of how they currently drink.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Positive steps towards attitude and behaviour change	<ul> <li>33% report drinking less on a night out, after seeing the campaign.</li> <li>71% are now reflecting on their behaviour when they go out.</li> <li>66% report making some change in their drinking thoughts or behaviours as a result of the campaign.</li> <li>18% of those who had seen the campaign, shared it with others (e.g. friends).</li> </ul>
Positive associations for DrinkWise	<ul> <li>88% did not know the campaign was from DrinkWise – it was intentionally unbranded.</li> <li>Although, 57% of those who saw the campaign had heard of DrinkWise and associated positive words to DrinkWise (Clever 49%, Responsible 46%, In Touch 30%).</li> </ul>
UANTUM	Interviews were conducted with 18-24 year olds nationally. In total, n=751 interviews were conducted, with approximately two thirds based in capital cities and the remainder

QUANTUM

Interviews were conducted with 18-24 year olds nationally. In total, n=751 interviews were conducted, with approximately two thirds based in capital cities and the remainder in regional/rural areas. Results were weighted by gender (50:50) and by state population.